### Ruhr-University Bochum

# MTHS24 - Exercise sheet 5

Morning: Eric Swanson / Mikhail Mikhasenko Afternoon: Nadine Hammoud, Dhruvanshu Parmar



Modern Techniques in Hadron Physics

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## Lecture material

**References:** 

Discussed topics:

- Three-body decay kinematics
- Cascade parametrization of decays
- Helicity and covariant formalism

- A.D. Martin, T.D. Spearman, Elementary Particle Theory, inSpire
- Eero Byckling, K. Kajantie, Particle Kinematics, inSpire

# Exercices

### 5.1 Projections of the Dalitz Plot

For a given Dalitz plot, sketch the projections onto  $m_{12}^2$ ,  $m_{23}^2$ ,  $m_{31}^2$ , and helicity angles for all subsystems rest frames.





### 5.2 Spin Sum

Polarization vectors of a spin-one particle are given by

$$\epsilon_{\pm 1}^{\mu}(\theta) = \left(0, \pm \frac{\cos\theta}{\sqrt{2}}, -\frac{i}{\sqrt{2}}, \pm \frac{\sin\theta}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \tag{1}$$

$$\epsilon_0^{\mu}(\theta) = \left(\frac{p}{m}, \frac{E}{m}\sin\theta, 0, \frac{E}{m}\cos\theta\right)$$
(2)

- (a) Evaluate the amplitude for the decay of  $a_1$  meson  $(J^P = 1^+)$  to  $\rho\pi$  using the covariant expression,  $\mathcal{M} = \epsilon_{a_1} \cdot \epsilon_{\rho}$  in the following frames of reference:
  - $a_1$  is at rest and the decay particles are aligned along the *z*-axis,
  - $\rho$  is at rest and  $a_1$  and  $\pi$  are aligned along the z-axis, compare to (a).

**Solution**: The first one is  $-(1, \gamma_{\rho}, 1)$ , the second one is  $-(1, \gamma_{a_1}, 1)$ . Both equal since the two frames are connected by a boost with  $\gamma = (m_{a_1}^2 + m_{\rho}^2 - m_{\pi}^2)/(2m_{a_1}m_{\rho})$ .

(b) Compare three matrix elements in (a) configurations to the expectations from the helicity formalism,

$$A_{\lambda_{a_1}\lambda_{\rho}}^L = H_{\lambda_{\rho},0}^L \, d_{\lambda_{a_1},\lambda_{\rho}}^1(\theta) \,, \tag{3}$$

where the helicity coupling is parametrized in LS scheme reads,

$$H^{L}_{\lambda_{\rho},0} = \langle L, 0; 1, \lambda_{\rho} | 1, \lambda_{\rho} \rangle .$$
(4)

Which partial waves are allowed in the decay, and what value of L the covariant matrix  $\mathcal{M}$  element correspond to?

**Solution:** The S-wave corresponds to (1, 1, 1), while D-wave is  $(1, -2, 1)/\sqrt{10}$ . Convariant formalism mixes partial waves.

### **5.3** Spin of a New $\Lambda_h^{**0}$ State

A new  $\Lambda_b^{**0}$  state has been discovered decaying into  $\Lambda_b^0 \pi^+ \pi^-$  with a prominent  $\Sigma_b^*$  resonance line on the Dalitz plot. The decay intensity distribution along the  $\Sigma_b^*$  band is provided in the supplementary material, which includes the helicity angle distribution. Your task is to determine the spin J of the  $\Lambda_b^{**0}$  state.

- (a) Write down the decay matrix element for  $\Lambda_b^{**0} \to \Lambda_b^0 \pi^+ \pi^-$  using helicity formalism.
- (b) Identify the partial waves in the decay  $\Sigma_b^* \to \Lambda_b^0 \pi$ .
- (c) Determine the partial waves in the decay  $\Lambda_b^{**0} \to \Sigma_b^* \pi$  for  $J^P = \frac{1}{2}^{\pm}, \frac{3}{2}^{\pm}, \frac{5}{2}^{\pm}$ .
- (d) Compute the unpolarized differential distribution given by:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}I}{\mathrm{d}\cos\theta} = \sum_{\lambda_0,\lambda_1}^{\{-1/2,1/2\}} \left| \langle L,0;3/2,\lambda_0 | J,\lambda_0 \rangle \, d_{\lambda_0,\lambda_1}^{3/2}(\theta) \, \langle 1,0;1/2,\lambda_1 | 3/2,\lambda_1 \rangle \right|^2$$